Girona: Historic Evolution of Girona

LOCUS: Let's Open Cities for Us
12th July - 26th July 2008

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Girona= Gerunda Romana= the etymology is not clear but “undarius” “Onyar river”
Map of the roman empire

- red: 133 BC
- orange: 44 BC
- yellow: 14 AC
- green: 117 AC

Roman streets system
1. Roman period 1st c. BC

2. Middle Age 5th c. AC
   - Visigoths Periods
   - 711 Muslim Period
   - 785 Carlomagno (Caroling Period)
   - 878 Guifré I incorporated Girona to the countship of Barcelona
   - 11th c. Alfonso I of Aragón declared Girona to be a city
   - 12th c. begun the construction of the Jewish ghetto or Call, the Jewish part of the city. 1391 begun the pogrom
   - 1351 became a duchy when king Pere III d' Aragó gave the title of Duke to his first-born son, Joan.
   - 1414 King Ferran I in turn gave the title of Prince of Girona to his first-born son, Alfons.
Girona until the 12th century.

- Sant Nicolau (11th cent.)
- Sant Pere Galligants (8th cent.)
- Sant Feliu
- Sant Susanna (11th cent.)
- Sant Martín Sacosta (cemetry) (11th cent.)
Phases of development

Girona, El call, XIII c.
Girona, XIV c.
Girona, 14th and 15th century. Wall 1362 and 1369 wall (mercadal)

Girona 16th century.

Girona.
Girona, 15th century.

Girona, Fontana D’or, XII-XVI, c. Ciutadans , 19 , Barri Vell
Girona.

Girona XVI th century.
Girona. Girona sur le Ter. 1667.

Girona, Cathedral, space baroque.
Girona, 18th century.

Girona. XIX th cent.
Girona, XIX th cent.

Plano de la plaza de Gerona y sus inmediaciones hasta la distancia media de 1250 metros levantada por la brigada topográfica con el teodolito y plancheta., 1869.

Girona. XIX th cent

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Girona, XIX th cent.
Sureda Martin, Proyecto de alineación de la rambla de la Libertad, 1892

Girona. XIX and XX th cent
Girona. XIX th cent
Eugeni Campilloch: Proyecto de ensanche, 1897.

Ildefonso Cerdà, Plano de los alrededores de la ciudad de Barcelona, y proyecto de Reforma. Ensanche. 1859.
Girona, 1930

River Onyar

Plaça Catalunya

Girona, 1960’s
• Principal aims
  – Protection of the historic heritage with a normative about the treatment of specific elements of the urban landscape
  – Rehabilitation and revalorization of the historic centre

• How
  – Preservation the role of the centre of the most important infrastructure of the city
• How

- Preservation of the residential characteristics of the historic centre

- Rehabilitation the existent stock of existing dwelling, recovering his structural conditions

Accessibility and circulation
• How

Recovery of the neighbourhood, stopping his degradation
consequence of
the lack of service,
the insufficient system of
circulation for the current uses,
the deficit of equipment,
the progressive unemployment
Girona. Pla especial del Barri Vell-1983
• Accessibility and circulation

  – inadequate accessibility and circulation

Solution

  – Reorganizing the road system, giving priority to the resident and the worker, deterring the traffic

  – Rethinking the parking system, proposing a link between parking and activities.

  – Proposing zones for pedestrians with historic, landscaping, and architectural interest.